

3.4 Extension Factoring Expressions

ESSENTIAL QUESTION

What does it mean to factor an expression and how do you do it?

In the last section we learned about using the **Distributive Property** to simplify an expression

If we simplify $4(10d - 9) \rightarrow 4 \cdot 10d - 4 \cdot 9 \rightarrow 40d - 36$

↑
Problem

↑
Answer

When **FACTORING AN EXPRESSION** you are doing the opposite of simplifying the expression above. You are going to start with the **ANSWER** and come up with the **PROBLEM**.

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $20 - 12$

$$4(5 - 3)$$

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $24 - 18$

$$3(8 - 6)$$

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $32 + 16$

$$4(8 + 4)$$

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $5x + 15$

$$5(x + 3)$$

7

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $4 - 12x$

$$4(1 - 3x)$$

8

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $28w + 20$

$$4(7w + 5)$$

9

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $4y + 10$

$$2(2y + 5)$$

10

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $16x - 24$

$$8(2x - 3)$$

11

Factor the expression using the GCF.
 $6x - 42$

$$6(x - 7)$$

12

TO FACTOR AN EXPRESSION MEANS YOU ARE
DOING THE REVERSE OF THE DISTRIBUTIVE
PROPERTY. YOU ARE STARTING WITH THE
PROBLEM AND COMING UP WITH THE ANSWER.